Annual Financial Report and Supplemental Information with Independent Auditor's Report Thereon

June 30, 2024

Annual Financial Report June 30, 2024

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ORGANIZATION June 30, 2024

GOVERNING BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>Name</u> <u>Office</u>

Cosme Padilla President

Ron Stefani Vice-President

Glenn Oania Director

James R. Cochran Director

Greg MacMillan Director

ADMINISTRATION

Eric Tynan General Manager

Lidia Santos Board Secretary/Office Manager



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Castroville Community Services District Castroville, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Castroville Community Services District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Castroville Community Services District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and major funds of Castroville Community Services District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Castroville Community Services District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Castroville Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors Castroville Community Services District Castroville, California

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information for the enterprise funds is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures to the other supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Fechter & Company

Certified Public Accountants

Flechter + Company
Sacramento, California

October 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

As management of the Castroville Community Services District (the District, or CCSD), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The District's financial management is responsible for preparing the Management's Discussion and Analysis section.

DISTRICT OVERVIEW

The District was formerly the Castroville Water District, a special district formed in 1952 under the County Water District Act for the purpose of installing, operating, and distributing a water supply for the community of Castroville. In May of 2006, the District assumed the assets and liabilities for the sewer and storm drain from County Service Area 14 (CSA 14). In February of 2008, the Castroville Water District and CSA 14 were merged to create the Castroville Community Services District that resulted in the acquisition of additional services such as street lighting, recreational funding, open space, and street maintenance. Finally, in 2014 the CCSD merged with the Moss Landing Sanitation District which CCSD had been operating under contract for several years.

Currently, Monterey County and the community of Castroville are following the Castroville Community Plan, a plan that guides development in Castroville. If followed, this plan would more than double the size of Castroville, adding an additional 1,655 residential units, 40 new light industrial facilities, 50,000 square feet of commercial development, and a new light rail commuter train station. A new and updated Community Plan is currently under review.

In summary, the District with all the new services acts much like a small city government, which was in response to the community wanting more local control and accountability. With the CSA 14 merger and Moss Landing acquisition of the sewer system, the District has tripled its area, contributed to a more efficient delivery of services, and increased its reserves for needed construction in-progress projects.

ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES

Water Operations

WATER INFRASTRUCTURE

Presently, the District serves over approximately 7,000 customers through 2,145 water connections in the community of Castroville, which is in the northern Salinas Valley in Monterey County. The District provides approximately 780 acre-feet of water annually to government, commercial, and residential customers. The District operates three domestic water production wells and the estimated capacity of all three wells is approximately 3,888 million gallons per day. The water system encompasses approximately 13 miles of pipeline and includes two water storage tanks with a capacity of 1.1 million gallons. Monitoring wells are strategically placed along the coast to monitor water quality and groundwater levels in the aquifers that make up our water supply. All wells have real-time level transduces as well as "bubblers" to monitor static water level in the wells. In addition, all wells are sampled for over 180 constituents, including but not limited to: chlorides, coliform, nitrates, nitrites, total dissolved solids, iron, turbidity, chromium, and sodium.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES – continued

Water Operations - continued

At this time, the District receives 72 percent of its water from the 400-foot aquifer and 28 percent of its water from the 900-foot or "deep" aquifer. Unfortunately, Well #5 has arsenic at 21 ppb, which exceeds the limit of 10 ppb per the State Water Resource Control Board.

A treatment system has been installed by Conco-West, Inc., overseen by MNS Engineers to meet the lower arsenic standard. The District's cost for the arsenic treatment system was approximately \$1,250,000; this treated water is being blended with the cooler existing 400-foot Well #2 at this site to cool off Well #5 flow and bring the water below the 10-ppb level. In 2015, the District passed a measure to increase water rates for the next five years in anticipation of developing more expensive water sources and to guarantee funding of current needs and future projects. 2020 was the final year of the most recent water rate increase. A new rate study may be necessary soon.

RESPONSE TO SEA WATER INTRUSION

Historically, the District has been wary of salt-water intrusion (SWI) of its source aquifers. There has been some new movement in the Castroville area of the salt-water contour since 1997. While the SWI slowed, this is due at least in part to the Castroville Seawater Intrusion Project (CSIP). Well #2 and Well #3 were starting to show signs of seawater intrusion and had been modified to seal off the upper perforations that allowed chlorides to exceed the 500 mg/L limit. Well #2 now has a chloride of 68 mg/L which is below the secondary standard of 500 mg/L. Recently, Well #3 exceeded the secondary MCL of 500 mg/L and the District investigated options to replace or restore this resource. Despite Well #3 being modified to reduce the recent spike in chlorides in 2021, the District disconnected Well #3 due to saltwater intrusion. Well #3 may be restored if a desalter treatment is proved feasible. The Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency is researching a sea water intrusion extraction barrier and is considering using Well #3 as a test site.

In response to losing Well #3, the District is investing in a new deep well at site #4. The District applied for Proposition 1 funding with the California Department of Water Resources and received a \$395,000 grant for the Emergency Deep Aquifer Supply and Storage Tank Project to help get technical and implementation plans for a deep well, tank filling through the distribution system, an additional treatment system, and a 600,000-gallon storage tank. Finally, should it be constructed, the District would connect to the Monterey Peninsula Water Supply Project (MPWSP). The District has a Water Purchase Agreement that would access desalinated water from the California American Water Desal Project (CAWDP) located north of Marina. The District would purchase the desal water at a price based on the cost of pumping from its current wells. This purchased water would be used in lieu of pumping District wells in hopes it would help preserve the local aquifers while helping halt seawater intrusion in and around Castroville.

The District was hoping the Salinas River Diversion Facility (SRDF), which started up in 2013, would help reduce pumping by Castroville Seawater Intrusion Project's 9 supplemental wells, but due to the drought, it was shut down in 2021. The SRDF is now running, but it is expected that pumping from Castroville Seawater Intrusion Project's 9 supplemental wells near Castroville will continue to draw in saltwater intrusion inland.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES – continued

Water Operations - continued

Monterey County Public Works had requested CCSD replace any suspected lateral and saddles prior to new road construction. Approximately 27 replacements were approved, and this work is almost complete. In addition, Caltrans is asking the District to replace saddles and laterals before they begin work on the Castroville Beautification Project. CCSD plans to have the work complete so there will not be any leaks occurring when the Caltrans Merritt Street Beautification Project gets started in 2025. Recently several leaks on Merritt Street resulted in an 8-inch water main emergency repair.

Sewer Operations

The District assumed the responsibilities and assets for sewer and storm drain activities on May 1, 2006, from CSA 14. The sewer system incorporates eighteen miles of main lines and five lift stations: three lift stations located in Castroville Zone 1, and the other two located in Zone 2. Along with these systems, the District acquired a jetter truck, utility truck with a crane, and cash reserves. The District has a large reserve fund balance as a result of the sale of a wastewater treatment facility a number of years ago by Castroville Sanitation District to Monterey One Water, formerly Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA); this fund generates additional income in the form of interest on principal.

The proceeds and interest earned from the sale of the wastewater treatment facility are used to maintain, operate, repair, and construct sewer facilities in Zone 1 necessary to connect to the Monterey One Water treatment facilities. For this reason, no sewer user fees are assessed for Castroville (Zone 1) at this time. Currently, the District is pursuing a \$3,500,000 grant to connect a new sewer main called the Washington Sewer Trunk Line Bypass to alleviate some of the flow in the main trunk line connected to the regional pump station. Currently, it is being held up by easement issues.

The District received a grant for Sewer Castroville Zone 1 from the DAC Involvement Program funded by the California Department of Water Resources in the amount of \$61,807 to facilitate a pipeline from the intersection of Tembladera Street and Washington Street in order to run a pipeline close to the old easement. This is due to the existing line surcharging. The District has prepared a grant application for construction. A new generator has been installed for Zone 1, Via Linda Lift Station.

Moro Cojo, Monte Del Lago Mobile Home Park, and North Monterey County High School (Zone 2) are assessed user fees for sewer. In 2016, the District proceeded with Measure 218 to increase user fees for the next five years and 2020 was the final year. This flow goes through Castroville sewer system to the Monterey One Water regional pump station. A new generator has been installed for Zone 2, Castroville Boulevard Lift Station.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES – continued

Sewer Operations - continued

In July of 2014, the District consolidated with the Moss Landing County Sanitation District creating Sewer Moss Landing Zone 3. Since acquiring the Moss Landing system, the District has installed a state-of-the-art remote control monitoring system and replaced twelve damaged manholes. Storm drain inlets of 7 residences on Struve Road need to be revisited due to previous cross connections with the sewer system. Sewer fees for Moss Landing (Zone 3) are collected by Monterey One Water and then sent to Castroville Community Services District. However, starting fiscal year 2024/2025 these fees will be collected on the Monterey County tax roll. The District received a \$500,000 grant from the Department of Water Resources for the Moss Landing Wastewater Rehabilitation Project to facilitate upgrades to the Moss Landing sewer system and is currently applying for an \$8,000,000 grant to replace motor control centers, gravity lines, and a force main running under the Highway 1 bridge over the Elkhorn Slough for Moss Landing (Zone 3). Finally, the District negotiated for a new piece of land to relocate Station 1 lift station, which required the adjacent property to be annexed by the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) into the District.

Furthermore, throughout the three sewer service areas, broken or damaged sewer mains and manholes were repaired or replaced, which has resulted in a more efficient and less costly operation and maintenance program. In addition, the Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system control was upgraded and has increased the District's ability to monitor and respond to all lift station trending, alarms, or other concerns. The force mains in Castroville (Zone 1) were all "pigged" in 2008 to clear them of debris. The lift pumps were also repaired or replaced at all the lift stations. However, the Moss Landings force mains still need to be pigged and the District is behind in videoing the sewer mains as required. The District has not had a sewer spill in the last year.

Storm Drain Operations

Storm Drain user fees are assessed for both Castroville (Zone 1) and Moro Cojo (Zone 2). The storm drain system includes approximately sixteen miles of main lines, four Vortec units, and 187 catch basins. All basins are being labeled with "Don't Dump, Flows to Bay." Currently, the District cleans the storm drain basins as needed, as well as contracting with a private company for street sweeping twice a year to help keep debris from plugging the storm drain system. In September of 2013, the Union Street Storm Drain Project was completed in coordination with Monterey County Public Works. The District installed basins and pipes, and Monterey County Public Works put in the street, curb, and gutter. Recently, commercial trucks have been damaging sewers and storm drain inlets. To resolve this matter, the District General Manager has spoken with the District 2 County Supervisor to restrict commercial truck parking on residential streets with limited success.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Street Lights

The following provides an overview of the District's governmental activities:

Streetlight user fees are assessed for both Castroville (Zone 1) and Moro Cojo (Zone 2). The District is responsible for the electrical cost of these streetlights to PG&E. Street lights are not metered and instead charge a flat rate fee; therefore, it is important that the District notify PG&E when a streetlight needs to be repaired.

In 2016, all streetlights were upgraded by PG&E to LED's. The resulting savings of approximately 60% will be used over the next few years to pay back the retrofit by PG&E. However, these savings had not been applied and it took PG&E a few years to finally complete its review of the LED streetlights. In the process PG&E had discovered that it owed the Castroville CSD a credit of \$44,920 for Zone 1 streetlights and a credit of \$5,264 for Zone 2 streetlights. This credit dated as far back as June 2018 and has since been applied to the PG&E street light utility bill for each of these zones.

The District has also replaced the lights, ballasts, and hardware on the crossover walkway in Castroville (Zone 1). A few years ago, a bulb-out was installed at the Castroville overhead sign to protect it from truck damage. In 2022, pit holes were observed in the supports of the 1932 sign. Caltrans offered to pay for a new overhead sign and funded \$471,000 for the effort; unfortunately the sign is still not installed but is anticipated to be finished by January 2025.

Open Space

Only Moro Cojo (Zone 2) is assessed user fees for open space. The District is only responsible for open space maintenance on approximately 3 acres fronting the Moro Cojo subdivision. This maintenance is performed two to four times a year and contracted out to the North County Recreation and Park District. It was mowed August 2023, December 2023, March 2024, and June 2024. Recently, large semitrailers have been using this open space for parking. With little law enforcement occurring, the drivers of these semitrailers were told by the District that they would be held liable for restoring the landscaping and have since stopped parking on this open space.

Street Maintenance

Only Moro Cojo (Zone 2) is assessed user fees for street maintenance. All streets were resurfaced and stop lines and limit lines stenciled for the streets in Moro Cojo during fiscal year 2013-14. For fiscal year 2022-2023, damaged street signs were replaced and graffiti was painted over. It is anticipated that the streets will need to be resurfaced in 2026-2027.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – continued

Recreational Services

Recreational Services are extended services which the District is authorized to provide. The District can either provide services to its residents directly or may contract with another public agency to provide such services. Recreational funding is routed through the North County Recreation and Park District (NCRPD). Funds for NCRPD had been paid by CSA 14 before it was dissolved. Recreational funding is provided by ad valorem property tax revenues collected for Castroville (Zone 1). For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$110,000 was provided to NCRPD for recreational funding. For clarification, revenues used to pay NCRPD come from ad valorem property taxes and may be used for any purpose the District is authorized to perform, including recreational funding.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Castroville Community Services District's basic financial statements. The Castroville Community Services District's basic financial statements include four components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Governmental funds financial statements
- Enterprise funds financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements

The financial statements presented here include all the activities of the Castroville Community Services District. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 requires that the financial report present the District together with any component units that it has. The District has no component units as described in the GASB Statement.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. In addition, there are several different types of financial statements within the first three groups identified above.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Castroville Community Services District finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These government-wide financial statements can be found as listed under the table of contents of this report. These statements present a measure of all assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, gains, and losses using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Castroville Community Services District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Castroville Community Services District is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements - continued

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the entity's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows (inflows and outflows of cash) in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Castroville Community Services District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Castroville Community Services District uses enterprise fund types of enterprise funds for its business-type activities. The Castroville Community Services District uses governmental funds types for its governmental-type activities. The Castroville Community Services District uses governmental funds to account for its street light, open space, and street maintenance operations. Ad valorem property taxes are used for recreational services. In addition, as mentioned earlier, revenue from ad valorem property taxes may be used for any purpose the Castroville Community Services District is authorized to perform.

Governmental funds are used to report the same functions presented as governmental-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Castroville Community Services District uses governmental funds to account for its general government and recreation activities. Governmental funds financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Enterprise Funds Financial Statements

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities. The Castroville Community Services District uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, and storm drain operations.

The enterprise funds financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and storm drain operations, which are considered to be the major funds of the Castroville Community Services District. Enterprise funds financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes provide a narrative description of certain items contained in the financial statements to enhance the understanding of those items.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Castroville Community Services District's progress in funding its obligations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the Castroville Community Services District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,301,209 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Castroville Community Services District's net assets, \$17,130,594 (70 percent), reflects unrestricted net assets which may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. An additional portion of the Castroville Community Services District's net position, \$6,478,922 (approximately 27 percent), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Castroville Community Services District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens of Castroville. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Table 1 - Condensed Statements of Net Position

		Governme	ntal l	Funds	Enterprise Funds		
Description	2024 2		2023	2024	2023		
Cash and other current assets	\$	696,999	\$	654,468	\$ 17,558,959	\$ 15,366,735	
Capital assets, net		158,036		150,561	6,320,886	6,272,878	
Other non-current assets		-		-	50,105	54,227	
Deferred outflows		-		-	481,441	803,571	
Total assets		855,035		805,029	24,411,391	22,497,411	
Current liabilities		5,306		4,212	332,822	198,240	
Noncurrent liabilities		-		-	289,557	452,196	
Deferred inflows		-		-	337,533	291,143	
Total liabilities		5,306	4,212		959,912	941,579	
Investment in capital assets		158,036		150,561	6,320,886	6,272,878	
Restricted		691,693		650,256	-	-	
Unrestricted		-		-	17,130,593	15,282,954	
Total net position	\$	849,729	\$	800,817	\$ 23,451,479	\$ 21,555,832	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Castroville Community Services District was able to report positive balances in its net assets. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION - continued

Table 2 - Condensed Statements of Activities

	Go	vernmental	Fund	Activities	Enterprise Fund Activities		
Description		2024	2023		2024	2023	
Fines, fees, and charges for services	\$	78,144	\$	67,265	\$ 1,822,767	\$ 1,796,456	
Other general revenues		27,408		162,708	2,404,548	1,542,203	
Total revenues		105,552		229,973	4,227,315	3,338,659	
Expenses		166,640		141,381	2,221,668	2,642,914	
Transfers in (out)		110,000		150,000	(110,000)	(150,000)	
Change in net position		48,912		238,592	1,895,647	545,745	
Net position, beginning		800,817		562,225	21,555,832	21,010,087	
Net position, ending	\$	849,729	\$	800,817	\$ 23,451,479	\$ 21,555,832	

The District's governmental activities net position increased over the past two fiscal years. The primary reason is due to transfers in from other funds and a new grant, along with other user fees exceeding the payments to North County Recreation and Park District to provide recreation and park services. The Business-type activity reflects an increase in net assets in 2024 compared to 2023. The primary reason for this fluctuation is due to a continued increase in water sales and property tax apportionments during the year ending June 30, 2024.

Enterprise Funds

The Castroville Community Services District's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in a classified format. The reason they are similar is that business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus which is the same presentation method as in the fund level financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Castroville Community Services District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$23,451,480 (net position) in its business-type activities and \$849,729 for the governmental-type activities.

The Castroville Community Services District's total assets increased primarily due to the increases in capital assets along with cash and cash equivalents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION - continued

Analysis of Balances and Transactions of Funds

The District is a multi-purpose, enterprise entity, and as such, maintains multiple fund types which include interfund balances. The analysis of balances is shown in tables one and two of this report, and in the section labeled "Financial Highlights." For further detailed information, refer to the Statement of Activities, as listed under the Table of Contents, which reflects changes in net assets as well as the change in the governmental funds.

ANALYSIS OF VARIATIONS BETWEEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET

The District adopts its budget in accordance with California law. It is District policy to not modify the budget in total, although certain reallocations of expenditures may occasionally be made. The budget is adopted on a projected cash flow basis. It reflects items such as repayment of debt principal and projected capital expenditures as cash outflows that are not recognized as expenses under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Budget variances are reviewed by District management on an ongoing basis as part of the financial management of the District. Budget variances during the year ended June 30, 2024 for governmental activities consisted of the following:

Table 3 - Budget vs. Actual

	Final Budget	Actual	Variances	Explanation
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ 14,500	\$ 20,966	\$ 6,466	Interest rates exceeded expectations
Charges for services and other	394,668	84,586	(310,082)	Ongoing grant timing deferred
Total revenues	409,168	105,552	(303,616)	
Expenditures:				
Streets, street lights, and open space	61,500	55,343	6,157	Utility cost rebates
				Fee charged by NRCPD did not have
Recreation	316,522	110,000	206,522	capital projects component
				Grant for overhead sign was less as a
Capital expenditures	110,000	8,772	101,228	result of project delays
Total expenditures	488,022	174,115	313,907	
Transfers in	110,000	110,000		Smaller transfer needed
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 31,146	\$ 41,437	\$ 10,291	

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Castroville Community Services District's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities and governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, totaled \$6,320,886 and \$158,036, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes water equipment, pumping equipment, lift station improvements, system improvements to storm drains, building improvements, and signage. Additionally, the District also acquired the Moss Landing sanitation system as of July 1, 2014.

Major capital asset classes during the current fiscal year included the following:

Table 4 - Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

	Enterpris	Enterprise Funds				
	2024	2023				
Water Fund	\$ 3,852,227	\$ 3,936,635				
Sewer Zone 1 & 2	1,546,087	1,455,338				
Sewer Zone 3	922,572	880,905				
	\$ 6,320,886	\$ 6,272,878				
	Governmen	ntal Funds				
	2024	2023				
Overhead sign	\$ 158,036	\$ 150,561				

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3.

OTHER ANALYSIS AND INFORMATION

Infrastructure Assets

The District has adopted the recommended approach of GASB Statement No. 34 with regard to infrastructure assets. All identifiable infrastructure assets have been capitalized at their purchase cost, estimated value for contributed or donated assets, or estimated cost for those items expensed in prior years and not previously capitalized.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates

The unemployment rate for Monterey County, in which Castroville Community Services District is located, was 5.7 percent in June 2024, which is an increase of 0.2 percent from the prior year. This compares with an unadjusted unemployment rate of 5.2 percent for California and 4.1 percent for the nation during the same period.

The District did not raise water rates in Zone 1 or sewer rates in Zone 2 and Zone 3 for 2023/2024.

All these factors were considered in preparing the Castroville Community Services District's budget for the 2024/2025 fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

OTHER ANALYSIS AND INFORMATION - continued

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates - continued

The District is required to adopt a budget by California law. Before the District adopts its budget, notice is given that the preliminary budgets of the Castroville Community Services District of Monterey County for the fiscal year will be considered for adoption by the Board of Directors and are made available at a specified time and place within the District for inspection by interested taxpayers.

District Governance

The activities of the Castroville Community Services District are conducted by District management and staff. It is governed by its own five-person Board of Directors, whom are responsible for policy decisions which govern the operations of the District.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Castroville Community Services District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Castroville Community Services District, 11499 Geil Street, Castroville, California 95012.



CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities		Bı	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	371,684	\$	6,748,517	\$ 7,120,201
Investments		324,268		10,506,990	10,831,258
Accounts receivable, net		138		185,761	185,899
Interest receivable		909		68,699	69,608
Supplies inventory		-		36,826	36,826
Prepaid expenses		-		12,166	12,166
Total current assets		696,999		17,558,959	18,255,958
Non-current assets:					
Organizational costs		-		50,105	50,105
Capital assets, net		158,036		6,320,886	6,478,922
Total non-current assets		158,036		6,370,991	6,529,027
Total Assets		855,035		23,929,950	24,784,985
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Related to pensions		-		376,217	376,217
Related to OPEB				105,224	105,224
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		481,441	481,441
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		5,306		194,816	200,122
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		72,100	72,100
Refundable deposits		=		65,905	65,905
Total current liabilities		5,306		332,821	338,127
Long-term liabilities:					
Net pension liability		-		176,050	176,050
Net OPEB liability		-		113,507	113,507
Total long-term liabilities		-		289,557	289,557
Total Liabilities		5,306		622,378	627,684
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Related to pensions		-		165,172	165,172
Related to OPEB		-		172,361	172,361
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		337,533	337,533
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		158,036		6,320,886	6,478,922
Restricted - Special Revenue Projects		691,693		-	691,693
Unrestricted		-		17,130,594	17,130,594
Total Net Position	\$	849,729	\$	23,451,480	\$ 24,301,209

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		`		Expenses) Revenues and nanges in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Operating Expenses	Fees & Charges for Services		ernmental	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Streets, Street Lights, and Open Space	\$ 56,640	\$ 78,144	\$	21,504	\$ -	\$ 21,504
Recreation	110,000	ψ /0,1 11		(110,000)	φ - -	(110,000)
Total Governmental	110,000			110,000)		(110,000)
Activities	166,640	78,144		(88,496)		(88,496)
Business-Type Activities:						
Water	1,218,320	1,397,556		-	179,237	179,237
Sewer	782,013	235,598		-	(546,415)	(546,415)
Moss Landing	221,335	189,613			(31,722)	(31,722)
Total Business-Type						
Activities	2,221,668	1,822,767			(398,900)	(398,900)
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,388,308	\$1,900,911		(88,496)	(398,900)	(487,396)
	General Revenue	es:			1 524 277	1 524 277
	Property taxes Interest income			20.069	1,534,377	1,534,377
	Other income			20,968 6,440	726,595	747,563 150,016
	Other income			0,440	143,576	130,010
	Total General	Revenues		27,408	2,404,548	2,431,956
	Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(61,088)	2,005,648	1,944,560
	Interfund transfer	S		110,000	(110,000)	
	Change in net position			48,912	1,895,648	1,944,560
	Net position, begi	inning of year		800,817	21,555,832	22,356,649
	Net position, end	of year	\$	849,729	\$ 23,451,480	\$24,301,209

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Zone 1 Castroville		Zone 2 Moro Cojo		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable:	\$	271,589	\$	424,363	\$	695,952
Accounts receivable, net		139		_		139
Interest receivable		301		608		909
Total assets	\$	272,029	\$	424,971	\$	697,000
Liabilities and Fund Equity						
Accounts payable	\$	4,742	\$	565	\$	5,307
Total liabilities		4,742		565		5,307
Fund Balances						
Restricted - Special Revenue Funds		267,287		424,406		691,693
Total fund balances		267,287		424,406		691,693
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	272,029	\$	424,971	\$	697,000

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 691,693
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not current financial resources and are not included in the governmental funds.	158,036
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 849,729

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Zone 1 Castroville		Zone 2 Moro Cojo		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:						
User fees	\$	44,544	\$	33,600	\$	78,144
Grants and awards		6,442		-		6,442
Interest income	1	4,455		16,511		20,966
Total Revenues		55,441		50,111		105,552
Expenditures:						
Streets, Street Lights, and Open Space		47,219		8,124		55,343
Recreation		110,000		-		110,000
Capital Outlay		8,772		-		8,772
Total Expenditures		165,991		8,124		174,115
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(110,550)		41,987		(68,563)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		110,000		-		110,000
Total Other Financing Uses		110,000				110,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(550)		41,987		41,437
Fund Balances, beginning of year		267,837		382,419		650,256
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	267,287	\$	424,406	\$	691,693

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 41,437
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense, or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalization threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	 8,772 (1,297)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 48,912

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Water Castroville	Sewer Castroville & Moro Cojo	Sewer Moss Landing	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,336,157	\$ 2,991,437	\$ 420,923	\$ 6,748,517
Investments	3,025,354	6,383,949	1,097,687	10,506,990
Accounts receivable, net	84,598	35,393	65,770	185,761
Interest receivable	34,868	32,009	1,822	68,699
Supplies inventory	34,595	2,231	-	36,826
Prepaid expenses	5,450	5,495	1,221	12,166
Total current assets	6,521,022	9,450,514	1,587,423	17,558,959
Non-current assets				
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,852,227	1,546,087	922,572	6,320,886
Organizational costs, net	-	50,105	-	50,105
Total noncurrent assets	3,852,227	1,596,192	922,572	6,370,991
Total Assets	10,373,249	11,046,706	2,509,995	23,929,950
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension outflows	169,297	169,296	37,624	376,217
Deferred OPEB outflows	47,351	47,351	10,522	105,224
Total deferred outflows of resources	216,648	216,647	48,146	481,441
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	110,307	69,883	14,628	194,818
Accrued payroll and benefits	32,445	32,445	7,210	72,100
Customer deposits	65,905	-	-	65,905
Total current liabilities	208,657	102,328	21,838	332,823
Non-current liabilities				
Net pension liability	79,224	79,224	17,602	176,050
Other Post Employment Benefits	51,077	51,078	11,352	113,507
Total noncurrent liabilities	130,301	130,302	28,954	289,557
Total Liabilities	338,958	232,630	50,792	622,380
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension inflows	74,326	74,328	16,518	165,172
Deferred OPEB inflows	77,562	77,562	17,237	172,361
Total deferred inflows of resources	151,888	151,890	33,755	337,533
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	3,852,227	1,546,087	922,572	6,320,886
Unrestricted	6,246,824	9,332,745	1,551,023	17,130,592
Total Net Position	\$10,099,051	\$ 10,878,832	\$ 2,473,595	\$23,451,478

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Water	Sewer Castroville	Sewer	TD 4.1
One wating Personner	Castroville	& Moro Cojo	Moss Landing	Totals
Operating Revenues Water sales	\$1,354,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1.25 <i>1</i> .602
User fees	\$ 1,554,002	229,262	189,613	\$ 1,354,602 418,875
New service and connection fees	42,954	6,336	109,013	49,290
Other revenues	24,688	432	118,456	143,576
Total operating revenues	1,422,244	236,030	308,069	1,966,343
	1,422,244	230,030	300,009	1,700,545
Operating Expenses	4.000.00			0.7.4.04
Payroll and related expenses	439,068	425,243	89,870	954,181
Water and sewer line expenses	20,880	5,345	-	26,225
Depreciation expense	280,790	70,415	31,196	382,401
Other general operations	38,473	25,864	5,858	70,195
Meter expenses	26,047	-	-	26,047
Automobile expenses	2,875	4,006	1,007	7,888
Lift station expenses	5,754	10,257	7,745	23,756
Well site, storm drain, and hydrant	15,282	23,124	141	38,547
Consulting expenses	63,102	36,751	28,366	128,219
Office and billing expenses	25,354	2,562	1,883	29,799
Retirement plan contributions	14,242	20,636	9,559	44,437
Insurance expense	26,800	32,614	7,248	66,662
Utility expenses	161,154	22,832	16,623	200,609
Bond, loan, and certificate expenses	-	500	-	500
Bad debt expense	226	-	-	226
Total operating expenses	1,120,047	680,149	199,496	1,999,692
Operating Income (Loss)	302,197	(444,119)	108,573	(33,349)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Property taxes	-	1,227,501	306,876	1,534,377
Interest revenue	270,545	399,654	56,396	726,595
Amortization of investment discount	-	(3,589)	-	(3,589)
Net loss from pension adjustment	(98,275)	(98,275)	(21,839)	(218,389)
Tranfers (out)	-	(110,000)	-	(110,000)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	172,270	1,415,291	341,433	1,928,994
Increase in Net Position	474,467	971,172	450,006	1,895,645
Net position - beginning of the year	9,624,584	9,907,660	2,023,589	21,555,833
Net position - ending of the year	\$ 10,099,051	\$ 10,878,832	\$ 2,473,595	\$ 23,451,478

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Water Castroville	Sewer Castroville & Moro Cojo	Sewer Moss Landing	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		<u> </u>		
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,386,229	\$ 200,205	\$ 163,443	\$ 1,749,877
Other cash receipts	24,688	432	118,456	143,576
Cash paid to suppliers for services and inventories	(320,643)	(132,540)	(88,396)	(541,580)
Cash paid to employees	(440,437)	(426,612)	(90,176)	(957,225)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	649,837	(358,515)	103,327	394,648
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Property taxes and assessments	-	1,227,501	306,876	1,534,377
Transfers between Funds	-	(110,000)	_	(110,000)
Net Cash Provided By Non-Capital				
Financing Activities		1,117,501	306,876	1,424,377
Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment	(196,382)	(161,164)	(72,862)	(430,408)
Net Cash Used By Capital Financing Activities	(196,382)	(161,164)	(72,862)	(430,408)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				_
Interest earned on operating funds	277,590	408,486	62,444	748,520
Purchase of investments	(3,025,354)	(3,534,085)	(1,097,688)	(7,657,127)
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	(2,747,764)	(3,125,599)	(1,035,244)	(6,908,607)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,294,309)	(2,527,778)	(697,903)	(5,519,990)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	5,630,466	5,519,214	1,118,827	12,268,507
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 3,336,157	\$ 2,991,436	\$ 420,924	\$ 6,748,517
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 3,336,157	\$ 2,991,437	\$ 420,923	\$ 6,748,517
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$ 302,197	\$ (444,119)	\$ 108,573	\$ (33,349)
to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	280,790	70,415	31,196	382,401
Trade receivables	(11,327)	(35,393)	(26,170)	(72,890)
Supplies, inventory, and prepaid expenses	(1,617)	(1,548)	(423)	(3,588)
Accrued payroll and related items	(1,369)	(1,369)	(306)	(3,044)
Deposits	593	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	593
Accounts payable	86,200	59,127	(8,294)	137,033
Net OPEB liability and related deferrals	(5,630)	(5,628)	(1,249)	(12,507)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 649,837	\$ (358,515)	\$ 103,327	\$ 394,648

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Operations

Castroville Community Services District (the "District") is authorized by California Government Code Sections 6100 et seq. The District provides water, sewer, storm drain, streetlights, open space, street maintenance, and recreational services to residential and commercial customers in and around the Township of Castroville, California and sewer services for Moss Landing, California.

Basis of Presentation

The Castroville Community Services District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall District government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities, which are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements are presented for governmental and enterprise fund types. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column.

Enterprise fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. *Non-operating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Financial reporting is based upon all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District reported the following major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Zone 1 Water Fund (Enterprise) – This fund accounts for all the District's water resources.

<u>Zone 1 and 2 Sewer Fund</u> (Enterprise) – This Fund accounts for all the District's sewer and storm drain operations.

<u>Zone 3 Sewer Fund Moss Landing</u> (Enterprise) – This Fund accounts for all the Moss Landing sewer operations.

<u>Zone 1 Castroville</u> (Governmental) – This fund accounts for the income and expenditures related to street lighting and recreation activities in Zone 1.

<u>Zone 2</u> (Governmental) – This fund accounts for the income and expenditures related to the open space, street lighting, and streets activities in Zone 2.

Basis of Accounting

Castroville Community Services District uses the accrual method of accounting for financial statement reporting purposes. Under the accrual method, revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity includes all significant operation and revenue sources for which the District Board of Directors exercises oversight responsibility as determined under the criteria established by the National Council on Governmental Accounting Statement No. 3. Oversight responsibility is determined based on selection of the governing board, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters, and the scope of public service. The financial statements of Castroville Community Services District include the financial activities of the District as well as transactions made by the fiscal agent under authority granted by the District in various resolutions authorizing the issuance of improvement bonds and water certificates. The District is exempt from federal income and state franchise taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

New GASB Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has recently issued the following statements, which may impact the District's financial reporting requirements in the future:

• GASB 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, deferred to years beginning after June 15, 2022. There was no immediate impact on the District after implementing this recent accounting standard.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less. The District maintains bank accounts at financial institutions located within the Counties of Monterey and San Francisco.

It is the District's policy to maintain all investments in insured accounts in the District's name. Assessments in excess of estimated current bond requirements of the District are deposited in the Local Agency Investment Fund. Said cash earns interest based on the District's prorata share of the cash in the fund. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 (i.e., *Deposits with Financial Institutions*, GASB 3), cash is to be categorized to indicate the level of credit risk assumed by the Fund at year end. Substantially, all investments are insured or registered and held by the Fund or its agent in the agent's nominee name, with subsidiary records listing the Fund as the legal owner. Accordingly, said cash investment would be included in "Category 1" as defined by GASB 3. See Note 2 for further discussion of cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

In December 2012, the District entered into an agreement with the CalTrust Joint Powers Authority to invest in the CalTrust Money Market Fund. The District's investment policy is based upon the provisions of the California Government Code commencing with Section 53600 on governing the investments of local agency funds and deposits of public monies.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as reflected in the financial statements are from customers whose property is located within the County of Monterey. Accounts receivable consists of amounts due from customers for water and sewer charges.

Supplies Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market value. The District's inventory consists of parts and components for wells, lift stations, and other infrastructure kept onsite.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers

Expenses are allocated between the Castroville Water Fund (45%), Castroville and Moro Cojo Sewer Fund (45%), and Moss Landing Sewer Fund (10%). All expenses are paid out of the Water Fund's checking account. These expenses are shown as Interfund Transfers on the Statement of Activities.

Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds" on the balance sheet. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position.

Capital Assets

Minor expenditures for renewals and betterments are charged to expense. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized. In cases where assets are donated to the District, construction costs or estimated market values are recorded. Costs of assets sold, retired, or otherwise disposed of have been eliminated from the accounts, and gains or losses on disposition are included in operations.

The cost of property and equipment is depreciated over the estimated lives of the assets from date of acquisition based on the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Business Activities

Asset Category	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	5-35 years
Water Equipment and Vehicles	3-30 years
Sewer Equipment and Vehicles	3-50 years
Hydrants	10-45 years
Meters	5-30 years
Projects, Wells, and Pipes	10-40 years
SCADA System	5 years
Telemetry System	5-7 years

Governmental Activities

Asset Category	<u>Useful Live</u>	
Sign	15 years	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent outflows of resources that apply to future periods and therefore will not be recognized as an expense until that time. The District has the following deferred outflows of resources:

- Deferred outflows related to the pension plan (the Plan) equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability.
- Deferred outflows related to the pension plan for difference between expected and actual experience. These amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan.
- Deferred outflows related to the pension resulting from changes in assumptions. These amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan.
- Deferred outflows related to the pension plan resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings on plan investments. These amounts are amortized over five years.
- Deferred outflows related to the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability.

The Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These deferred inflows of resources represent receipts that apply to future periods and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has the following deferred inflows of resources:

- Deferred inflows related to the pension plan for differences between actual and expected experience. These amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan.
- Deferred inflows related to the pension plan resulting from changes in assumptions. These amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan.
- Deferred inflows related to the pension plan for the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan.
- Deferred inflows related to the OPEB plan resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings on plan investments. These amounts are amortized over five years.

Compensated Absences

The District has recorded an accrual for compensated absences in accordance with the District's policy of paying for unused vacation time of employees. Sick leave is not included in the accrual as the District does not pay for unused sick time upon employee termination.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employees earn vacation leave after six months of continuous employment as follows:

Time of Employment	Accrual of Vacation Leave
Six months to one year	40.00 hours earned
One to five years	6.67 hours per month
Five to ten years	10.00 hours per month
Ten or more years	13.33 hours per month

Customer Deposits

New customers are required to provide deposits for service. The customer deposits held by the District are refunded upon termination of service or on written request after one year.

Designated Assets

Certain assets are classified as designated due to the Board of Directors' designation for capital additions.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the District's OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of its OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the District's OPEB plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position/Fund Equity

The financial statements are presented using the net asset method. Net position is categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Net Invested in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions on Net Position imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents Net Position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred on debt issued to finance construction is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the governing board.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – contains all other spendable amounts.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Revenues – Operating

Revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value. On an accrual basis, revenue from charges for service is recognized in the period in which the service has been completed. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenues – Non-operating

Revenues that result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include investment earnings, subsidies, and property taxes. On an accrual basis, non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the ancillary activity takes place.

Property Taxes

Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article XIIA of the State Constitution at 1% of countywide assessed valuations. Property taxes collected by the levying agency are placed in a pool, and then allocated to the local governmental units. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which taxes are levied.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien date: January 1 Levy date: July 1

Due date: November 1 and February 1 Delinquent date: December 10 and April 10

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires that management make estimates and assumptions affecting the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant items in the District's financial statements subject to such estimates and assumptions include the valuations of the net pension liability. The net pension liability is reported by the District using actuarial reports produced by CalPERS that includes projections and assumptions to estimate the future liability.

Allocation of Balances to Enterprise Funds

All of the District's primary functions are reported under the Enterprise Funds. Due to the nature of the District and its contracting with outside parties for recreational services, all balances related to wages and benefits, along with property tax revenues, are allocated to the Enterprise Funds.

Prior Year Data Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year financial statements may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's prior year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2024 are classified on the Statement of Net Position as follows:

Unrestricted cash and	Water	Sewer	Moss Landing	Governmental	
investments:	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivalents:					
FDIC insured accounts	\$ 295,780	\$ 107,774	\$ 256,759	\$ 289,770	\$ 950,083
Petty cash	800	-	-	-	800
Funds in Local Agency					
Investment Fund (LAIF)	3,039,577	2,883,663	164,164	81,914	6,169,318
Total cash and equivalents	3,336,157	2,991,437	420,923	371,684	7,120,201
Investments:					
Funds in CAMP	3,025,354	6,383,949	1,097,687	324,268	10,831,258
Total cash and investments	\$6,361,511	\$9,375,386	\$ 1,518,610	\$ 695,952	\$17,951,459

The District does not have any balances held in County Treasury or restricted cash accounts as of June 30, 2024.

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District. The following also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	N/A	None	No Limit
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	N/A	None	No Limit
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	N/A	30%	30%
U.S. Commercial Paper	270 days	A	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	30%	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	N/A	None	No Limit
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	N/A	None	No Limit
Demand Deposits	N/A	Highest	20%	10%
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	A	30%	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Highest	20%	10%
Mortgage Passthrough Securities	5 years	AA	20%	No Limit
State of California Obligations	5 years	A	None	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	None	No Limit
Supranational Securities	5 years	AA	30%	No Limit

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in market rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity the more sensitive the investment is to market fluctuations.

The sensitivity of the District's investments is summarized by the following table. This table shows the maturity terms of the District's investments:

Investment and Cash Equivalent Type	12 Months or Less	to 36 onths	Total
LAIF CAMP	\$ 6,169,318 10,831,258	\$ - -	\$ 6,169,318 10,831,258
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,000,576	\$ -	17,000,576
Cash in bank and on hand Total Cash and Investments			950,883 \$ 17,951,459

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The Local Agency Investment Fund was created by statute and began in 1977. The Local Agency Investment Fund is a voluntary program for California local governments and special districts. The Fund is administered by the California State Treasurer and is enabled by Section 16429.1 et seq. of the California Government Code. All securities purchased within LAIF are purchased under the authority of Government Code Section 16430 and 16480.4. All investments are purchased at market value and a market valuation is conducted monthly. All District deposits with LAIF are available on demand.

California Asset Management Program (CAMP)

The California Asset Management Program is a Joint Powers Authority formed in 1989 by treasurers and finance directors of several local government agencies to provide professional investment services to California public agencies at a reasonable cost. CAMP offers investors the option of investing in either the CAMP money market portfolio, which is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, or other individually managed portfolios.

CalTrust Medium-Term Fund

CalTrust is a Joint Powers Authority formed by the CSAC Finance Corporation and the League of California Cities to provide a convenient method for local agencies to pool their assets for investment. CalTrust offers local agencies the option of investing in either the money market, short-term, or medium-term accounts, which are rated AA-f by Standard & Poor's.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is measured by nationally recognized statistical agencies such as Standard & Poor's. Credit risk is simply the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The below table shows the credit ratings of the District's Cash and Investments:

	Rating as of Fiscal Year-End				% of
	A	AA-f	AAAm	Total	Total
Investment Type:					
CAMP Money Market Fund	\$	-	\$ 10,831,258	\$ 10,831,258	60%
Total Investments	\$	-	\$ 10,831,258	10,831,258	
Not Rated:					
LAIF				6,169,317	35%
Cash in bank and on hand				950,884	5%
Total Cash and Investments				\$ 17,951,459	100%

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities using mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF and CAMP).

California law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposits or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for all public agency deposits. Under California law, this collateral remains with the institution but is held in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution.

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurement of investments utilizing the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of each asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund of \$6,169,317 and investment in California Asset Management Program of \$10,831,258 are measured at Net Asset Value (NAV) and therefore are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Business-Type Activities	June 30, 2023	Additions	Dispositions	Reclassifications	June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not depreciated:					
Land	\$ 305,610	\$ 11,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 317,001
Construction in progress	1,022,841	132,773			1,155,614
Total capital assets,					
not depreciated	1,328,451	144,164			1,472,615
Capital assets, being depreciated:	7 60 044	0.020			
Buildings and improvements	763,844	9,930	-	-	773,774
Water equipment and vehicles	690,328	2,000	-	-	692,328
Sewer equipment and vehicles	1,258,441	103,157	-	-	1,361,598
Hydrants	37,292	1,026	-	-	38,318
Meters	385,297	3,400	-	-	388,697
Projects, wells, and pipes	10,956,682	166,731	-	-	11,123,413
Telemetry system	181,825				181,825
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	14,273,709	286,244			14,559,953
Less: accumulated depreciation					
Water	(7,944,093)	(280,790)	_	_	(8,224,883)
Sewer Zone 1	(1,127,916)	(70,415)	_	-	(1,198,331)
Sewer Zone 3	(257,273)	(31,196)	-	-	(288,469)
Total accumulated depreciation		(382,401)	-		(9,711,683)
Net capital assets					
being depreciated	4,944,427	(06.157)			4,848,270
being depreciated	4,944,427	(96,157)			4,848,270
Total business-type					
capital assets, net	\$ 6,272,878	\$ 48,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,320,885

Depreciation expense charged to the water and sewer functions for the year ending June 30, 2024 was \$280,790 and \$101,611, respectively, for a total of \$382,401 charged to business-type activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Government-Type Activities	Jun	e 30, 2023	A	dditions	Disp	ositions	Rec	lassifications	Jun	e 30, 2024
Capital assets, not depreciated: Construction in progress	\$	135,642	\$	8,772	\$	-	\$	(144,414)	\$	-
Capital assets being depreciated: Signs		19,459						144,414		163,873
Accumulated depreciation		(4,540)		(1,297)						(5,837)
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$	150,561	\$	7,475	\$	-	\$	_	\$	158,036

Depreciation expense charged to the government-type function for the year ending June 30, 2024 was \$1,297.

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee defined benefit pension plan. The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures, and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for all participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and other requirements are established by state statute. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. The District's plan consists of the "Miscellaneous 2% at 60 Risk Pool" and "Miscellaneous 2% at 62 Risk Pool". Those employees who first established CalPERS membership prior to January 1, 2013, without a break in service greater than six months, participate in the "Miscellaneous 2% at 60 Risk Pool". Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who participate in CalPERS for the first time and those employees not eligible for reciprocity with another California public retirement system participate in the "Miscellaneous 2% at 62 Risk Pool". The employer contribution rate for those participating in the "Miscellaneous 2% at 60 Risk Pool" is 7% and the employer contribution rate for those employees participating in the "Miscellaneous 2% at 62 Risk Pool" is 8.25%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit includes one of the following: Basic Death Benefit, Post-Retirement Survivor Allowance, or Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit.

<u>Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension</u>

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2024 was \$176,050. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$275,304.

The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in pension expense during the measurement period, and the remaining net difference is amortized over the remaining amortization periods. The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments in the schedule of collective pension amounts represents the unamortized balance relating to the current measurement period and the prior measurement periods on a net basis. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan, determined as of the beginning of the related measurement period. The EARSL for PERF C for the June 30, 2023 measurement date is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 530,470 by 140,593 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, was as follows:

	% of Miscellaneous Pool
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.00333%
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.00352%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00019%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	red Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 60,738	\$ -
Differences between actual and expected experience	7,599	-
Changes in assumptions	10,629	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	28,504	-
Changes in employer's proportion	268,747	1,919
Differences between the employer's contributions		
and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	-	163,253
Total	\$ 376,217	\$ 165,172

A total of \$60,738 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. The amount reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30	Total			
2025	\$	95,848		
2026		55,370		
2027		(1,729)		
2028		818		
	\$	150,307		

Employees Covered Hired:

	Prior to 2013	Subsequent to 2013
Active	4	2
Transferred	1	2
Separated	1	1
Retired	4	0

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

All full-time District employees must participate in PERS, based on state statute. The Plan requires participants to contribute an amount of 7.00% or 8.25% of their annual covered salary determined by actuarial valuation and which plan applies to employees as described in the paragraph above. The contribution rate for the June 30, 2024 fiscal year was 11.43% for those employees hired prior to January 1, 2013, and 8% for those employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 of annual covered payroll. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan was \$60,738 and \$56,914, respectively.

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	735,869
Current Discount Rate	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	176,050
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension (Asset)	(284,726)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Information Common to the Miscellaneous and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plans

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2023 total pension liabilities. The June 30, 2023 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all
	Funds from the 2021 experience study report
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing
	Power Protection Allowance Floor on
	Purchasing Power Applies, 2.30% Thereafter

Change of Assumptions and Benefit Changes – There were no changes to benefit terms.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% and reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the Plan, net of investment expenses and without reduction for administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects expected real rates of return by asset class. The rates of return were calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 ^{1,2}
Global equity - cap-weighted	30.00%	4.45%
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	0.59%

¹An expected inflation rate of 2.30% was used for this period.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the Plan. Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports. More information on the Plan can be found at www.calpers.ca.gov/page/employers/actuarial-resources.

² Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 5 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of the statement was to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for post-employment benefits other than pensions or OPEB. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB are also addressed in this Statement.

Plan Description

The District participates in an agent multi-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan (the Plan) administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the OPEB plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Eligibility for Benefits

The plan offers medical benefits to certain eligible participants. The table below describes benefits available to employees hired before January 1, 2013. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 and are at least 50 years of age upon retirement will receive the statutory minimum health benefits under sections of the Government Code collectively known as the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act or PEMHCA.

Benefit types provided Medical only
Duration of benefits Lifetime
Required service 20 years
Minimum Age 50
Dependent Coverage Eligible Spouse or Registered Domestic Partner
District Contribution % 100%
District Cap PERS Choice Other Northern California

Plan Membership

As of June 30, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	-
Active employees	6
Total plan participants	6

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 5 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors. The Employer's Contribution for each employee shall be the amount necessary to pay the full cost of his/her enrollment including the enrollment of an eligible spouse or registered domestic partner in a health benefits plan or plans up to a maximum of total premium per month. The Plan assets are held in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund which is a Section 115 trust fund dedicated to prefunding OPEB for all eligible California public agencies. The annual contributions are based on the actuarially determined contributions.

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability for the Plan is measured as the total OPEB liability, less the plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2023, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ (494,919)
OPEB plan Fiduciary Net Position	381,412
Net OPEB liability	\$ (113,507)

Actuarial Method and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The calculation method used to determine the service cost and total OPEB liability, mandated by GASB 75, is called the "actuarial cost method". Since the Plan includes fewer than 100 employees, GASB Statement No. 75 provides an alternate allowable method. The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise provided:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Inflation Rate 2.50% per year

Investment Rate of Return/Discount Rate 6.75%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate 4% per year

Payroll Growth Rate 2.75% per year

Retirement Rates Hired 2012 and earlier: 2021 CalPERS 2.0%@60

Hired 2013 and later: 2021 CalPERS 2.0%@62

Rates for Miscellaneous Employees

Service Requirement Mortality 2021 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous

Employees

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 5 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB Liability was 6.75%. The discount rate is based on an assumed long-term return on the plan assets assuming 100% funding through CERBT. Assumptions are based upon the historic 30-year real rates of return for each asset class offset by investment expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future benefits for current plan participants. The assumed allocation and rate of return for each asset class is listed below:

CERBT – Strategy 1

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Assumed Gross Return
All equities	59.000	7.545
All fixed income	25.000	4.250
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8.000	7.250
All Commodities	3.000	7.545
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.000	3.000

Change in Net OPEB Liability

	 Total OPEB Fiduciary Liability Net Position				Net OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2022 Measurement Date	\$ 612,396	\$	316,029	\$	296,367
Service cost	14,149		-		14,149
Interest on TOL	41,592		21,323		20,269
Employer contributions	-		44,157		(44,157)
Changes in Assumptions	(144,162)		-		(144,162)
Investments gains/losses	-		-		-
Administrative expense	-		(97)		97
Expected benefit payments	-		-		-
Experience gains/losses	(29,056)		-		(29,056)
Net change	(117,477)		65,383		(182,860)
Balance at June 30, 2023 Measurement Date	\$ 494,919	\$	381,412	\$	113,507

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 5 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table shows the Net OPEB Liability with a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the assumed rate of 6.75% in the valuation:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability									
Discount Rate Current Discount -1% (5.75%) Rate (6.75%)			ount Rate 6 (7.75%)						
\$	195,918	\$	113,507	\$	45,625				

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following table shows the Net OPEB Liability with healthcare costs trend rate of 1% higher and 1% lower than the assumed rate of 4% in the valuation:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability										
Healthcare										
					ost Trend ate (4%)		rend Rate 1% (5%)			
\$	32,396	\$	113,507	\$	215,178					

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB expense includes service cost, interest cost, and change in the total OPEB liability due to difference between actual and expected investment income and administrative expenses, adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB include the contributions made to the trust subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and prior to the fiscal year. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$31,649. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferi	eu Outhows	Dere	rreu Innows
of F	Resources	of	Resources
\$	47,115	\$	(41,672)
	32,414		(130,689)
	25,695		-
\$	105,224	\$	(172,361)
		32,414 25,695	of Resources of 3 \$ 47,115 \$ 32,414 25,695

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 5 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the OPEB Plan investments is amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in OPEB expense during the measurement period, and the remaining net difference is amortized over the remaining amortization periods. The deferred outflows and inflows related to the experience gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of terminated employees, which are primarily retirees considered to have a working lifetime of zero. As of June 30, 2023, the original recognition period of the experience gains and losses was 10.7 years.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the changes in the non-current liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance								
Business-Type Activities	June 30, 2023		Additions		Dispositions		Jun	e 30, 2024	
Net Pension Liability Other Postemployment Benefits	\$	155,829 296,367	\$	20,221	\$ (18	82,860)	\$	176,050 113,507	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	452,196	\$	20,221		82,860)	\$	289,557	

The defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefit balances are discussed in Notes 4 and 5. There were no other long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 7 – LEGAL CONTINGENCY

The District was previously party to a lawsuit brought forward by a citizen alleging a trip and fall incident over property owned by the District. The pending litigation was originally filed in July 2020 and it was dismissed during the current fiscal year. The District's defense costs were covered by available insurance through the ACWA / JPIA. While the District may be subject to potential litigation through the course of its regular activities, there are currently no ongoing matters or known potential contingencies that have been accrued on the financial statements.

NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 29, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available for issue. General Manager, Eric Tynan will retire effective October 31, 2024. The District is currently interviewing for his successor.



Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Miscellaneous Plan Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

SCHEDULE OF THE PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF THE MEASUREMENT DATE

Fiscal Year ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Measurement Period	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	0.01839%	0.01824%	0.01782%	0.02100%	0.64100%
Entity's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$176,050	\$ 155,829	\$(505,307)	\$ 23,039	\$657,254
Entity's covered-employee payroll (measurement year)	\$581,985	\$ 604,085	\$ 548,974	\$528,799	\$523,599
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.25%	25.80%	-92.05%	4.36%	125.53%
Plan's fiduciary net position as a % of the Plan's total pension liability	92.26%	76.68%	88.29%	99.00%	75.26%
Proportionate share of the aggregate employer contributions	\$ 60,738	\$ 56,914	\$ 159,804	\$148,853	\$103,398
Fiscal Year ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Period	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
Measurement Period Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	2017-18 0.00608%	2016-17 0.00600%	2015-16 0.56900%	2014-15 0.47400%	2013-14 0.00605%
Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	0.00608%	0.00600%	0.56900%	0.47400%	0.00605%
Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset) Entity's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	0.00608% \$585,871	0.00600% \$ 595,081	0.56900% \$ 492,425	0.47400% \$325,424	0.00605% \$376,234
Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset) Entity's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) Entity's covered-employee payroll (measurement year) Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.00608% \$585,871 \$501,445	0.00600% \$ 595,081 \$ 423,766	0.56900% \$ 492,425 \$ 454,888	0.47400% \$325,424 \$457,015	0.00605% \$376,234 \$420,797

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Miscellaneous Plan Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year ended June 30,	2024			2023		2022		2021		2020
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined) (CRC)	\$	60,738	\$	56,914	\$	54,943	\$	53,898	\$	84,062
Contributions in relation to CRC		(60,738)		(56,914)		(54,943)		(53,898)		(765,345)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(681,283)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	581,985	\$	604,085	\$	548,974	\$	528,799	\$	523,599
Contributions as a % of covered-employee payroll		10.44%		9.42%		10.01%		10.19%		16.05%
Valuation Date	6/30/2023		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
Fiscal Year ended June 30,		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contributions (CRC) (actuarially determined)	\$	70,211	\$	57,671	\$	48,381	\$	45,969	\$	34,697
Contributions in relation to CRC		(70,211)		(57,671)		(48,381)		(45,969)		(34,697)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	501,445	\$	472,677	\$	423,766	\$	454,888	\$	457,015
Contributions as a % of covered-employee payroll		14.00%		12.20%		11.42%		10.11%		7.59%
Valuation Date	6	/30/2018	6	/30/2017	6	/30/2016	6	/30/2015	6/	/30/2014

Notes to the Schedule

Valuation Date: June 30, 2022

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.30% per year

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 2.30%

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, net of pension plan expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age 50 years

Mortality Derived using CalPERS Experience Study and

review of actuarial assumptions

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Schedule of District's Contributions to OPEB Plan

Fiscal Year ended June 30,	20	024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Actuarial determined contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to actuarially-determined contribution	(4	4,157)	(20,752)	(19,000)	(19,000)	(22,183)
Contributions in relation to CRC	\$ (4	4,157)	\$ (20,752)	\$ (19,000)	\$ (19,000)	\$ (22,183)
Covered-employee payroll	\$60	4,085	\$ 604,085	\$ 548,974	\$ 528,799	\$ 523,599
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.31%	3.44%	3.46%	3.59%	4.24%
Fiscal Year ended June 30,	20	019	2018			
Actuarial determined contribution	\$	-	\$ -			
Contributions in relation to actuarially-determined contribution	(1	9,000)	(19,000)			
Contributions in relation to CRC	\$ (1	9,000)	\$ (19,000)			
Covered-employee payroll	\$50	1,445	\$ 423,768			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.79%	4.48%			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was the first year of implementation and therefore only seven years are shown above. This schedule will present 10 years as information becomes available.

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2023.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation rate	2.50% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	4.00%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Retirement Rates	CalPERS reitrement rates for the 2%@60 Rates
	for Miscellaneous Employees
Mortality	Derived using 2021 CalPERS Mortality Table
	for Miscellaneous Employees

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF OPEB LIABILITY AND FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiscal Year End	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018*
Measurement Date	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 14,149	\$ 13,770	\$ 1,936	\$ 1,884	\$ 1,967	\$ 1,914	\$ 1,863
Interest of Total OPEB Lability (TOL)	41,592	38,343	29,610	27,674	27,606	25,878	24,063
Experience Gain/Loss	(22,468)	-	64,939	809	(25,037)	-	-
Changes in Assumptions	(144,162)	-	45,209	-	-	-	-
Expected Benefit Payments	(6,588)	(1,752)	(1,692)	(4,668)	(3,183)	(3,073)	(2,955)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(117,477)	50,361	140,002	25,699	1,353	24,719	22,971
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning of Year	612,396	562,035	422,033	396,334	394,981	370,262	347,291
Total OPEB Liability, End of Year	494,919	612,396	562,035	422,033	396,334	394,981	370,262
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Employer Contributions	44,157	20,752	20,692	23,668	22,183	22,073	18,976
Expected Investment Income	22,819	(49,000)	71,561	7,209	14,431	12,209	15,235
Administrative Expense	(97)	(90)	(100)	(116)	(44)	(311)	(126)
Investment Gains/Losses	(1,496)	-	-	-	(505)	636	-
Expected Benefit Payments	-	(1,752)	(1,692)	(4,668)	(3,183)	(3,073)	(2,955)
06/30/2017 FNP Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	81	-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	65,383	(30,090)	90,461	26,093	32,882	31,615	31,130
Plan Fiduciary Net Position,	316,029	346,119	255,658	229,565	196,692	165,077	133,947
Beginning of Year							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	381,412	316,029	346,119	255,658	229,574	196,692	165,077
Net OPEB Liability							
Net OPEB Liability at the End of the Year	\$113,507	\$ 296,367	\$ 215,916	\$ 166,375	\$ 166,760	\$ 198,289	\$ 205,185
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of							
the Total OPEB Liability	77.07%	51.61%	61.58%	60.58%	57.92%	49.80%	44.58%
Covered Payroll	\$581,985	\$ 604,085	\$ 548,974	\$ 523,599	\$ 523,599	\$ 501,445	\$ 423,768
Net OPEB liability as % of covered payroll	19.50%	49.06%	39.33%	31.78%	31.85%	39.54%	48.42%

^{*}This schedule will present 10 years as information becomes available.

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GOVERNMENTAL FUND - ZONE 1 CASTROVILLE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

						riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted	Am	ounts			Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:						
User fees	\$ 33,000	\$	44,546	\$ 44,544	\$	(2)
Grant income	-		316,522	6,442		(310,080)
Interest income	1,000		2,500	4,455		1,955
Total revenues	34,000		363,568	55,441		(308,127)
Expenditures:						
Streets, street lights, and open space	33,000		48,000	47,219		781
Capital expenditures	95,000		316,522	8,772		307,750
Recreation	100,000		110,000	110,000		-
Total expenditures	228,000		474,522	165,991		308,531
(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(194,000)		(110,954)	(110,550)		404
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers In	 110,000		110,000	110,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources	 110,000		110,000	 110,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (84,000)	\$	(954)	\$ (550)	\$	404

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GOVERNMENTAL FUND - ZONE 2 MORO COJO FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		nnce with l Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:								<u>U</u>
User fees	\$	33,600	\$	33,600	\$	33,600	\$	-
Interest income		2,000		12,000		16,511		4,511
Total revenues		35,600		45,600		50,111		4,511
Expenditures:								
Streets, street lights, and open space		27,600		13,500		8,124		5,376
Total expenditures		27,600		13,500		8,124		5,376
(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		8,000		32,100		41,987		9,887
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	8,000	\$	32,100	\$	41,987	\$	9,887



CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Rudgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating Revenues:	<u> </u>		1101441	(regative)
Water sales	\$ 1,368,500	\$ 1,368,500	\$ 1,354,602	\$ (13,898)
New service and connection fees	28,237	28,237	42,954	14,717
Other revenues	7,800	51,300	24,688	(26,612)
Total Operating Revenues	1,404,537	1,448,037	1,422,244	(25,793)
Operating Expenses:				
Payroll and related expenses	427,474	427,474	439,068	(11,594)
Water line expenses	14,000	14,000	20,880	(6,880)
Depreciation expense	338,000	338,000	280,790	57,210
Other general operations	27,100	27,100	38,473	(11,373)
Meter and hydrant expenses	12,500	29,500	26,047	3,453
Automobile expenses	8,000	8,000	2,875	5,125
Well site, lift station, and hydrant	158,500	176,500	21,036	155,464
Consulting expenses	72,821	71,200	63,102	8,098
Office and billing expenses	76,225	76,225	25,354	50,871
Retirement plan contributions	25,647	28,800	14,242	14,558
Insurance expense	19,500	26,810	26,800	10
Utility expenses	5,282	5,282	161,154	(155,872)
Bad debt expense	-	-	226	(226)
Total Operating Expenses	1,185,049	1,228,891	1,120,047	108,844
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Interest revenue	99,714	240,000	270,545	30,545
Net gain from pension adjustment	-	-	(98,275)	(98,275)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	99,714	240,000	172,270	(67,730)
Net Change in Net Position	\$ 319,202	\$ 459,146	\$ 474,467	\$ 15,321

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ENTERPRISE FUND - SEWER, CASTROVILLE & MORO COJO FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	—	Original	Amo	Final	Actual			Jegative)
Onorating Povonuos		Original		FIIIāI		Actual		legative)
Operating Revenues: User Fees	\$	228,568	\$	220 560	\$	229,262	\$	694
Connection fees	Ф	3,168	Ф	228,568 6,336	Ф	6,336	Ф	094
Other revenues				•		432		(569)
		3,501,000		1,000			1	(568)
Total Operating Revenues		3,732,736		235,904		236,030		126
Operating Expenses:								
Payroll and related expenses		433,241		434,042		425,243		8,799
Sewer line expenses		12,000		12,000		5,345		6,655
Depreciation expense		83,550		84,100		70,415		13,685
Other general operations		8,050		8,050		25,864		(17,814)
Automobile expenses		10,700		10,700		4,006		6,694
Lift station expense		29,210		31,710		10,257		21,453
Storm drain expenses		13,600		28,600		23,124		5,476
Consulting expenses		35,954		65,960		36,751		29,209
Office and billing expenses		46,660		47,660		2,562		45,098
Retirement plan contributions		19,879		22,380		20,636		1,744
Insurance expense		19,550		26,960		32,614		(5,654)
Utility expenses		5,795		5,795		22,832		(17,037)
Bond, Loan, and Certificate Expense		24,239		24,239		500		23,739
Total Operating Expenses		742,428		802,196		680,149		122,047
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Property taxes		930,000		1,000,000		1,227,501		227,501
Interest revenue		121,500		343,500		399,654		56,154
Amortization of investment discount		-		-		(3,589)		(3,589)
Net gain from pension adjustment		_		_		(98,275)		(98,275)
Transfers (Out)		(110,000)		(110,000)		(110,000)		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues		941,500		1,233,500		1,415,291		181,791
Net Change in Net Position	\$	3,931,808	\$	667,208	\$	971,172	\$	303,964

CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ENTERPRISE FUND - SEWER, MOSS LANDING FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

								iance with al Budget
	Budgeted Amounts							Positive
	Original Final			Actual		(N	legative)	
Operating Revenues:								
User Fees	\$	163,568	\$	163,568	\$	189,613	\$	26,045
Other revenues		-		-		118,456		118,456
Total Operating Revenues		163,568		163,568		308,069		144,501
Operating Expenses:								
Payroll and related expenses		95,905		95,905		89,870		6,035
Sewer line expenses		2,000		2,000		-		2,000
Depreciation expense		18,550		19,100		31,196		(12,096)
Other general operations		2,050		2,050		5,858		(3,808)
Automobile expenses		4,200		4,200		1,007		3,193
Lift station expense		16,200		18,000		7,745		10,255
Storm drain expenses		1,500		1,500		141		1,359
Consulting expenses		9,760		22,160		28,366		(6,206)
Office and billing expenses		12,810		13,810		1,883		11,927
Retirement plan contributions		5,593		6,394		9,559		(3,165)
Insurance expense		4,350		5,960		7,248		(1,288)
Utility expenses		1,365		1,365		16,623		(15,258)
Total Operating Expenses		174,283		192,444		199,496		(7,052)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Property taxes		-		100,000		306,876		206,876
Net loss from pension adjustment		-		-		(21,839)		(21,839)
Interest revenue		1,500		1,500		56,396		54,896
Total Non-Operating Revenues		1,500		101,500		341,433		239,933
Net Change in Net Position	\$	(9,215)	\$	72,624	\$	450,006	\$	377,382